JIWAJI UNIVERSITY, GWALIOR



SYLLABUS

OF

M.A. (ECONOMICS) CBCS

I to IV Semester

2023 - 2025

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JIWAJI UNIVERSITY, GWALIOR M.A. (ECONOMICS) CBCS

Revised Course Structure Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

The department has choice based credit system (CBCS) in M.A. (Economics) we offer, in which there are 80 valid credits and 16 virtual credits in the complete span of the course of two years. From these 80 credits, 48 credits should accrue from core subjects, 16 credits from elective subjects, 4 credits from Seminar, 4 credits from Assignment and 8 credits from project based work. Virtual credits are 16 which the student has to earn through comprehensive viva-voce held after every semester. Hence 4 virtual credits are given to each comprehensive viva-voce. From these 96 credits, the credit for each subhead is as under:

S. No.	Type of Subject/ Activity	Code	Number of Subjects	Credit/Subject	Total Credit
1	Core	1	12	4	48
2	Electives	2	4	4	. 16
3	Seminar	3	4	1	4
4	Assignment	4	4	1	4
5	Comprehensive Viva Voce	5	4/Semester	4	16
6	Project Work	6	4	2	8
					96

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M.A. Economics

	M.A. Economics I Semester		
Sub. Code	Subject Name	Comp/Optional	Credits
101	Theory of Consumer Behavior and Production	Core	4
102	Macro Economics	Core	4
103	Public Economics	Core	4
104	Statistics for Economics	Core	4
105	Seminar	AE&SD*	1
106	Assignment	AE&SD*	1
107	Project Work	Core	2
	Total Valid Credits		· 20
108	Comprehensive Viva Voce	Virtual Credit	4
	Total Credits		24

*Ability Enhancement & Skill Development

	M.A. Economics II Semester		
Sub. Code	Subject Name		Credits
201	Theory of Market Distribution	Core	4
202	Monetary Economics and Banking	Core	4
203	Statistical Inferences and Research Methods	Core	4
204	International Economics	Core	4
205	Seminar	AE&SD*	1
206	Assignment	AE&SD*	1
207	Project Work	Core	2
The other	Total Valid Credits		20
208	Comprehensive Viva Voce	Virtual Credit	4
	Total Credits		. 24

*Ability Enhancement & Skill Development

	M.A. Economics III Semester		
Sub. Code	Subject Name		Credits
301	Economics of Growth and Development	Core	4
302	Economics of Industries	Core	4
303	Environmental Economics	Elective Generic	4
304	Choose any one of the following: A. Industrial Relation and Labour Legislation-I B. Computer Application in Economics-I C. Econometrics-I D. Agriculture Economics	Elective Centric	4
305	Seminar	AE&SD*	1
306	Assignment	AE&SD*	1
307	Project Work	Core	2
	Total Valid Credits		20
308	Comprehensive Viva Voce	Virtual Credit	4
	Total Credits		24

^{*}Ability Enhancement & Skill Development

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	M.A. Economics IV Semester		
Sub. Code	Subject Name		Credits
401	Indian Foreign Trade and International Institutions	Core	4
402	Financial Market	Core	4
403	Indian Economy	Elective Generic	4
404	Choose any one of the following: A. Industrial Relation and Labour Legislation-II B. Computer Application in Economics-II C. Econometrics-II D. Rural Development	Elective Centric	4
405	Seminar	AE&SD*	1
406	Assignment	AE&SD*	1
407	Project Work	Core	2
407	Total Valid Credits		20
408	Comprehensive Viva Voce	Virtual Credit	4
700	Total Credits		24

^{*}Ability Enhancement & Skill Development

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101 - THEORY OF CONSUMER BEHAVIOR AND PRODUCTION

UNIT - I Introduction:

Micro Economics – Meaning, Scope, Significance and Limitations, Basic Economic Problem – Scarcity and choice.

Relationship between Micro and Macro-economic analysis.

Methods of Economic Analysis: Deductive and Inductive, Economic Statics and Dynamics, Positive and Normative Economics, Partial and General Equilibrium Analysis.

UNIT - II Demand Analysis - I

Theory of utility and Consumer Behaviour – Cardinal and Ordinal Approach, Indifference Curve Analysis – Definition and Properties, Consumer's Equilibrium, Price, Income and Substitution Effects, Slutsky Theorem, Engel's Curve, Derivation of Demand Curve.

UNIT- III Demand Analysis – II

Strong and Weak Ordering Hypothesis.
Samuelson's Theory of Revealed Preference.
The Elasticity of Demand and its Types.
Consumers' Surplus-Marshall and Hicks Measure of Consumer's Surplus.

UNIT- IV Supply Analysis:

Theory of Production – Production Function-short and Long run Production Function. Cobb-Douglas Production Function, Law of Variable Proportions and Returns to Scale, Isoquants – Optimum Factor Combination – Producer's Equilibrium, Expansion Path, Ridge Lines and Economic Region of Production.

UNIT - V Welfare Economics:

Meaning, Nature, Role of Value Judgement, Pigovian Welfare Economics-Duel Criteria, Pareto's Welfare Economics – Marginal conditions for Pareto's optimum and Unanimity Rule. Social Welfare Function, Compensation Principle. Arrow's Impossibility Theorem.

102 - MACRO ECONOMICS

- UNIT I

 Nature of Macro Economics, Basic Concept Stock and Flow Variables. National Income and Its measurement, GDP and GNP, Importance of NI Estimation, NI and Economic Welfare, NI estimation in India.
- UNIT II Income Determination in closed and open economy. Consumption Function APC-MPC, Factors affecting Consumption Function, Social Accounting
- UNIT-III The component of Money Supply, Interest rate and theory of Liquidity preference. IS-LM Analysis,
- UNIT-IV Theories of Employment Classical theory: Say's law of market, Keynesian theory of employment, Keynes Vs. Classics.
- UNIT V Investment Function, Determinants of Investment MEC, MEI, Investment Multiplier, Saving Function, Paradox of thrift, Theory of Acceleration.

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103 - PUBLIC ECONOMICS

UNIT-I

Nature and Scope of Public Economics, Role of Govt. in Economic activity-allocation, distribution and stablisation functions, Concept of Public Goods, Private Goods and Merit Goods, Theory of Maximum Social Advantage.

UNIT - II

Public Expenditure – Wagner's Law of increasing state activities, Wiseman Peacock Hypothesis, Principles of Public Expenditure, Structure and Growth of Public Expenditure in India.

UNIT - III

Sources of Public Revenue – Tax Revenue and Non Tax Revenue, Types of Taxes, Taxable Capacity, Theory of Incidence of Taxation, Ability to Pay Theory, GST.

UNIT-IV

Public Debt - Meaning and Sources, Burden of Public Debt, Debt Repayment, Public Debt Management, Public Debt in India, Debt Trap.

UNIT-V

Fiscal Federalism in India, Problem of Centre State Financial Relations in India Recommendation of latest Finance Commission, Budget - Meaning and Preparation, Fiscal Policy- Neutral and Compensatory and Functional finance.

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104 - STATISTICS FOR ECONOMICS

UNIT - I

Definition, Importance and Scope of Statistics, Measures of Central Tendency- Mean Median, Mode, Dispersion-Interquartile Deviation, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation and Skewness.

UNIT-II

Linear and Simultaneous Equations and its Application in Economics, e.g., Calculation of Equilibrium Prices, Impact of Tax and Subsidy on Demand and Supply Equation Model,

UNIT-III

Simple Differentiation and its Application in Economics i.e., Calculation of Elasticity Coefficient, Marginal Cost and Revenue, Correlation Analysis: Karl Pearson's Correlation, Spearman's Rank Correlation, Concurrent Deviation Method.

UNIT-IV

Regression Analysis: Concept, Regression Lines, Finding Regression Coefficient and Equations. Interpolation and Extrapolation: Concept, Significance, Assumptions, Methods of Interpolation.

UNIT-V

Index Numbers: A Conceptual Frame Work, Uses, Types, Problems in Construction of Index Number, The Chain Index Numbers, Base Shifting and Deflating, Cost of Living Index Numbers, Fisher's Index Number.

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201 - THEORY OF MARKET DISTRIBUTION

UNIT - I Cost and Revenue Analysis:

Cost Analysis – Short-run and Long-run cost functions and curves. Prime and Supplementary Costs-Total, Average and Marginal Cost Curves, Incremental and Marginal Costs. Revenue Analysis – Total, Average and Marginal Revenue, Average and Marginal Revenue Curves under different market conditions.

UNIT - II Market Equilibrium :

Perfect Competition – Prices and Output determination, Short and Long-run Equilibrium of the firm and Industry, Monopoly – Short and Long-run Equilibrium Discriminating Monopoly – Definition and Equilibrium under Discriminating Monopoly.

UNIT- III Market Equilibrium :

Monopolistic Competition – Chamberlain's Approach- Equilibrium of the firm and group with product Differentiation and Selling costs. Theory of Excess Capacity, Oligopoly-non- Collusive Model – Sweezy Model of kinked Demand curve, Price – rigidity, Collusive Model, Market sharing cartels and Price-leadership.

UNIT- IV Theories of Distribution:

Factor Productivity and Factor Cost, Marginal Productivity Theory, Euler's Theorem of Product Exhaustion.

Profit – Meaning and Nature, Knight's Theory and Schumpeterian Theory of Profit.

UNIT - V Theories of Distribution:

Wages – Meaning and Nature, Wages under competitive and Noncompetitive conditions. Rent – Meaning and Nature, Modern Theory of Mrs. Joan Robinson, Comparison between Ricardian and Robinson's Theories.

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202 - MONETARY ECONOMICS AND BANKING

- UNIT I Meaning and Functions. Money-Theories of Value of Money Fisher, Cash Balance Approach, Keynes theory of Money and Prices, Milton Friedman Theory, Don Patinkin's Theory of Real Balance Effect.
- UNIT II

 Liquidity Approach to Quantity of Money, Tobin's approach of Portfolio Balance, Measures of Money Stock and Liquidity Stock, Method of Note issue in India.
- UNIT-III Inflation Meaning and Types, Inflation, Deflation, Reflation and Disinflation, Measurement of inflation, Inflation and Indian Economy, Method to check inflation, Relationship between inflation and unemployment, Philips Curve.
- UNIT-IV Banking system in India, Types of Banks and Functions of Commercial banks, Credit creation by Commercial Banks, Recent Monetary and Credit Policy, Reserve Bank of India.
- UNIT'- V

 Business Cycle Meaning and Nature, Phases of Cycles, Theories of Business Cycle Non Monetary Theories, Monetary Theories Schumpeter, Samuelson and Hicks, Measures to control evil effects of Business Cycle.

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203 – STATISTICAL INFERENCES AND RESEARCH METHODS

UNIT - I Meaning and Concept of Research, Types of Research, Steps in Scientific Research, Research Design, Sampling Techniques and

Techniques of Data Collection.

UNIT-II Analysis of Time Series - Introduction, Utility and Components of Time Series, Measurement of Trend by Graphic Method, Semi-Average and Moving Average Method and Least Squares Method.

UNIT-III Probability and its Theorems: Concept and Definition, Calculation of Probability, Addition Theorem and Multiplication Theorem, Theoretical Probability Distribution: Normal, Binomial and Poison Distribution.

Hypothesis: Meaning, Types and Utility, Testing of Hypothesis, **UNIT-IV** Large Samples and Small Samples, T, F, Z and Chi-square test.

Meaning and Concept of Research Report, Types of Reports, **UNIT-V** Characteristics of Research Report, Formulation, Utility and Limitations, Footnote, References and Bibliography.

204 - INTERNATIONAL ECONOMICS

- UNIT I

 International Economics; Importance and Scope, Differences and Similarities between inter-regional and international trade; International division of labour and specialization; Smith's theory of Absolute Difference in costs; Ricardo's theory of comparative differences in costs.
- UNIT II

 Mills theory of Reciprocal Demand; Concept of Offer Curves:
 Explanation of Mill's concept of Reciprocal Demand with the help of
 Marshall's Offer Curves, Free Trade v/s Protection.
- UNIT-III Haberler's Theory of Opportunity Costs; International trade under constant increasing and decreasing opportunity costs. The modern theory of Factor Endowments; its explanation under price criterion and physical criterion, Its superiority over the classical theory; Leontief Paradox.
- UNIT-IV International trade and factor prices, Samuelson's Factor Price Equalization Theorem. The Terms of Trade Meaning and various concepts of Terms of Trade; Factors affecting the Terms of Trade; Terms of Trade and underdeveloped countries.
- UNIT V Tariffs meaning and types: Optimum tariff and welfare; Effects of tariff on income distribution. Stopler Samuelson theorem, Dumping: Types, Objectives and effects of dumping, Anti-dumping measures. Major issues of Dumping.

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301 - ECONOMICS OF GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT

- UNIT-1

 Concept of Growth and Development, Determinants of Economic Growth, Indices of Development Human Development Index, (HDI) Gross National Happiness Index, Real Cost of Development, Physical Quality of Life Index (PQLI).
- UNIT II Theories of Development Classical, Marx, Schumpeter Model, Harrod Domar Model, Joan Robinson's Model of Growth.
- UNIT-III

 Theory of Balanced Growth Nurkse and Lewis Growth model with unlimited supply of labour, Theory of unbalanced Growth Hirschman, Leibenstien's model of growth.
- UNIT-IV

 Rostow's stages of growth, Big Push Theory, Economic growth, and Income distribution Lorenz Curve, GINI Coefficient, Kaldor's Model of distribution.
- UNIT V Problems of Capital formation for economic development, Investment allocation, Cost benefit analysis, Choice of Techniques Labour V/s. Capital intensive techniques, Appropriate and Intermediate Technology.

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302 - ECONOMICS OF INDUSTRIES

UNIT- I	Industry - Definition, Importance of Industrialization in Economy,
	Problems of Industrialization, Classification of Industries, Public
	Sector- Objectives, Progress, Problems, Latest Government Policy
	regarding Public Sector,

- UNIT'- II Location of Industries Meaning and Causes, Weber's Theory and Sargent Florence Theory of Location, Indian Experience, Industrial Combination Meaning, Types, Forms, Advantages, Disadvantages
- UNIT-III Role of Government in Industrial Development, Industrial Policy 1948, 1956, Industrial Policy of 1991- Objectives and Salient Provisions, Liberalisation, Privatisation and Globalisation.
- UNIT-IV Industrial Finances Forms and Sources
 Financial Institutions IFCI, ICICI, IDBI, SIDBI, Micro Finance
 Institutions.
- UNIT.-V Micro Small and Medium Enterprises (MSME) Industries in India, Industrial Productivity, Industrial Sickness, Labour Problems and Policies.

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303 - ENVIRONMENTAL ECONOMICS

- UNIT-I

 Meaning of Environmental Economics. Inter linkages between Economics and Environment and Ecology; Environment as necessity amenity and public good. National Income Accounting and Environment; Environmental Problems of Economy.
- UNIT II

 Sustainable development, Sustainable industrialization, Causes of environmental and ecosystem degeneration policies for controlling pollution economic and persuasive.
- UNIT-III Social Cost Benefit Analysis- Methods, Application and Limitations, Environment Impact Analysis (EIA); Environment Impact Statement (EIS); Environment Auditing (E.A.).
- UNIT-IV Global Environmental Problems- Global Warming, Acid Rains, Deforestation, Impact of Climate Change on Economy, Earth Summits.
- UNIT V Constitutional rights and duties regarding environment; Role of State in Environmental preservation. The Environment (Protection) Act 1986. Salient Features of National Environment Policy 2006;

Elective Centric

304 A - INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS AND LABOUR LEGISLATION-I

- UNIT-I Industrial Labour Characteristics, Types. Growth of Labour market in India.

 Industrial Relations Meaning, Scope and components of Indian Industrial Relation System. Meaning of Human Relation (HR), Industrial Relations V/s. Human Relations.
- UNIT II Various concepts of Wages Fair wages, Living wages, Minimum wages, Methods of wage payment, Minimum wages Act, 1948, Wage policy in India.
- UNIT-III

 Bonus: Origin of Bonus payment, Concept, Need. Bonus payment in India. Payment of Bonus Act, 1965. Problems related to Bonus in India.
- UNIT-IV Industrial Disputes Meaning, Types, Causes, Consequences, Prevention and Settlement, Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 and its amendments.
- UNIT V Collective Bargaining Definition, Scope, Objective, Process, Forms, Advantages, Disadvantages, Collective Bargaining in India. Problems of Child Labour and Women Labour, Measures to prevent child labour.

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Elective Centric

304 B - COMPUTER APPLICATION IN ECONOMICS-I

UNIT-I

Introduction to modern digital computers, Block diagram of a computer: Central processing unit, Computer peripherals: input and output devices; Introduction and use of Memory, different types of memories and their uses, Introduction to Computer instruction and program, Differences between high and low-level programming languages, Motivation of high level language.

UNIT - II

Data type and data representation in computers, Number systems, interconversion of numbers, Flow-chart and algorithm with few example based on statistical functions used in economics, Introduction to Computer software and instructions.

UNIT-III

Historical perspective of operating systems, Introduction to MS-DOS operating system, Concepts of batch processing, multi-programming, timesharing, real-time and multiprocessor systems, single-user / multi-user Operating systems, single task / multi task Operating systems, Operating system services: File and memory management, File types, Device directory, Directory systems.

UNIT-IV

Introduction to Windows, GUI, Introduction of Windows components: control-panel and its uses (add / remove hardware, add or remove software, device manager, devices and printers, fonts, network and sharing center, backup and restore, Windows update, power options, phone and modem, display, folder options, date and time, recovery, sound, user account), desktop, taskbar, Icon and shortcut.

UNIT - V

Introduction to MS-Word, File operations: creating, editing / modifying, saving and printing a document file, format paragraph, line spacing, space before and after paragraph, margins and gutters, page break, repagination, sections, creating headers and footers, setting and clearing tabs, table insertion, use of micro, table insertion, table operations: deleting column or row, insertion of column or row, controlling row height / column width, formatting cell / column / row, mail-merge (Letters / Envelope / e-mail / levels) and its uses.

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304 C - ECONOMETRICS-I

UNIT-I

Statistical Inference: Random Variable, Expectation of Random Variable, Sampling distribution and Standard Error, Testing of Hypothesis, Level of Significance and confidence limit, Hypothesis Testing for Mean, difference between means, Proportions and difference between proportions. Small Sample and Large Sample Test, F-Test, Estimation and Properties of Good Estimates.

UNIT-II

Meaning and Methodology of Econometrics – Nature and Scope of Econometrics. The Nature of Regression Analysis and basics of Two-Variable Regression Analysis. Estimation and Hypothesis Testing. Extensions of the Two-variable Linear Regression Model, Multiple Regression Model, Estimation and Inference.

UNIT-III

Nature, Consequences, Detection and Remedial Measure of Multi Collinearity Heteroscedasticity and Autocorrelation.

UNIT- IV

Regression on Dummy Variable, Dynamic Econometrics Models: Autoregressive and Distributed Lag Models.

UNIT - V

Systems of Equations, Identification and Estimation Methods (ILS and 2 SLS), Business Applications of Single Equation Econometrics Model and Systems of Equations.

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304 D - AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS

- UNIT-I Agricultural Economics Meaning, Nature and Scope, Role of Agriculture in Indian Economy- share of Agriculture in GDP, Lewis model and Rene-Fei contribution.
- UNIT II Agriculture development- Stages, Systems and their types, Agricultural Finance- source, types and problems. Role of Regional Rural Banks (RRBs) in Agriculture Credit. kisan credit card and Fasal Bima Yojana
- UNIT-III Institutional aspects- Land reform, Agriculture holdings, Cooperative movement in Indian agriculture, Technological Development in Agriculture- Green Revolution, Farm Management.
- UNIT-IV

 Development in agriculture Food Grain Productivity Growth and trend, Food Co-operation of India role and function, Agricultural price policy, Minimum Support Price, Agriculture Marketing- types and problems. Warehouse Storage capacity of food grain in India meaning, types and problems.
- UNIT V Provisions regarding Agriculture in W.T.O. Latest Trend of Main Agricultural Export of India. Agriculture Development in Madhya Pradesh, Agriculture related problems and suggestions in Madhya Pradesh

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401 – INDIAN FOREIGN TRADE AND INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTIONS

UNIT-I

Foreign Trade and Economic Development, Meaning and Components and Construction of Balance of Payments Equilibrium and Disequilibrium of Balance of Payments. Factors causing disequilibrium in balance of payments, Technical Progress and International Trade.

UNIT - II

Adjustment mechanisms of Balance of Payments Under Gold Standards, Under-flexible exchange rates (price effect), Under elasticity approach, Marshall Lerner condition, Under capital movements and direct control for adjustment. Foreign Trade Multiplier and determination of Income.

UNIT- III

Concept of Foreign exchange rate, Determination of Equilibrium exchange rate. Theories of exchange rate determination – The Purchasing Power Parity (PPP) theory and the Balance of Payment theory. Factor causing changes in exchange rates, Relatives merits and demerits of fixed and flexible exchange rates, Concepts of Spot and Forward exchange rates. Exchange Rate Management in India.

UNIT-IV

Exchange control-meaning, features, objectives and methods of exchange control. Devaluation – Devaluation of Indian Rupee and its impact on our economy. Free Trade versus protection, cases for and against.

UNIT - V

GATT and Multilateral Trade Negotiations, WTO- Objective and Functions. India and WTO, Trade Blocks EU, NAFTA, ASEAN, BRICS, International Monetary Fund (IMF) - origin, objectives, function and working, India & IMF, World Bank-Objective and functions, India and the World Bank.

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402 – FINANCIAL MARKET

- UNIT I Financial Markets: Definition, Classification, Evolution of Financial Market in India, Role of Financial Markets in Economy.
- UNIT I1 Money Market: Definition, Instruments and Functions of Money Market, Characteristics, Composition of Indian Money Market, Defects of Indian Money Market, Suggestions to improve it, Role of RBI in the development of Indian Money Market.
- UNIT III Capital Market: Definition, Structure, Role of capital market in India, Problems of Indian Capital Market. Types of Capital Market Primary Market and Secondary Market. Difference between Money and Capital Markets. Primary Market- Meaning, Objectives, IPO, Recent Trends.
- UNIT IV

 Stock Exchange: Definition, Organisation and Management, Stock Exchange in India, Transactions in Stock exchange, Online Trading, Stock Market Indexes, BSE, NSE.

 Securities and Exchange Board of India: Objectives, Operations, SEBI guidelines for Capital Market, SEBI reforms on Stock Exchange.
- UNIT IV Non-Banking Finance Companies: Meaning, Features, Types, Regulation of NBFC, Progress of NBFC in India.
 Foreign Exchange Market: Definition, Market Participations, Exchange Rate Determination and Financial Instruments. Convertibility of Currency-Partial, Full.

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403 – INDIAN ECONOMY

UNIT- I	Basic economic indicators, Sectors of Indian Economy - Primary,
	Secondary and Tertiary, Performance of different Sectors
	Demographic Trends in India and Population Policy National
	Income. GDP, NNP, GVA etc.

- UNIT II Economic Development Definition and Indicators, NITI Aayog, Strategy of Economic Development of India, Make In India, Startup India, Skill India.
- UNIT-III Concepts of Money supply, Methods of Note Issue, Monetary Policy Inflation.

 Business Cycle Definition, Phases, Evil Effects of Business Cycle and Remedial Measures.
- UNIT-IV

 Meaning and Types of Taxes, GST, Budget Preparation, Different Concepts of Budget Deficit, Fiscal Policy, Union State Financial Relations.
- UNIT V Problems of Indian Economy Unemployment, Poverty, Black Economy, Economic Implications of Covid 19.

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404 A – INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS AND LABOUR LEGISLATION-II

UNIT-I

Labour Welfare – Meaning, Aim, Scope and Classification.

Labour welfare activities done by (a) Central Govt. (b) State Govt.

(c) Employer (d) Trade Union, Problems related to Labour Welfare.

UNIT - II Social Security Measures - Meaning, Origin, Growth, Aims and Methods. Various schemes of social security in India. (a) Provident Fund (b) Workmen Compensation (c) Family Pension (d) Employees State Insurance (e) Other Schemes.

UNIT- III Trade Union – Definition, Need, Approaches, Growth and Functions, Trade Union Movement in India, Trade Union Act, 1926.

Workers Participation in Management – Objective, Different Types, Advantages, Level of Participation, Progress of workers participation in Management in Indian Industries.

Industrial Relations Act, 1995, its objectives and main provisions.

UNIT - V Manpower Planning, Education, Training and Development of Manpower.

Elective Centric

404 B – COMPUTER APPLICATION IN ECONOMICS-II

UNIT-I

Introduction to MS-Excel, electronic worksheet / spreadsheet, use of worksheet / spreadsheet, operations on spreadsheet: creating, editing/modifying, formatting, saving and printing spreadsheet, entering and formatting numbers, dates, formulae, referencing cells, single range, mixed, copying entries, auto-fill: numbers, dates, time, protecting and un-protecting sheets and cells, Moving cells, copying cell, sorting cells data, inserting rows and columns, deleting part of worksheet, changing column and row width, types of graphs, creation of graph using data on spreadsheet, graph operations: creating, editing/modifying, formatting, changing graph type, saving and printing of graph.

UNIT - II

Introduction to Power-point, creating presentations, editing/modifying and saving slides, printing slides and handouts, moving text, tables, graphs and pictures, formatting slides, adding / changing animation, background and borders, creation of hyperlink to other slides and / or other files, adding sound, audio and video to slides.

UNIT-III

Introduction to internet and intranet, Introduction to LAN, MAN, WAN and their uses, topologies used in networking, Introduction to internet protocols, Introduction to IP address, Introduction to e-mail and its uses, Introduction to computer viruses, spam, Trojan, Introduction to Security over the network: anti-virus software, firewall, Introduction to Wi-Fi and Bluetooth, Introduction to website, web browsers and search engine.

UNIT-IV

Introduction to database management system (DBMS): database file creation, type of fields, creating, editing and saving structure of a database, modify structure of the database: rename, add or remove fields, view and edit database.

UNIT-V

List, browse, append, display database file, delete, replace, recall, update and search records, closing database, printing database, seek, locate, go to record, index and sort database records, time, date, use of mathematical functions, generating and printing of report.

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404 C - ECONOMETRICS-II

- UNIT-I

 Regression Analysis and Analysis of Variance. One way, two way analysis of variance.
- UNIT II

 Matrix Approach to Linear Regression Model. Assumptions, OLS Estimation and their properties. Interpretation of Results.
- Autoregressive Model, Distributed Lag Model, Rationalization of Koyek Model. The Adaptive Expectation Model, Partial Adjustment Model, Estimation of Autoregressive Model, Detecting auto correlation in Autoregressive Model. The Almon Approach to Distributed Lag Model.
- UNIT-IV Errors in variable, Test of equality between coefficient's (Chow Test) Application of LRM for estimation of Growth rate, demand function, production function.
- UNIT V Mixed Estimation Methods, Restricted Least Squares (RLS), Durbin's Generalized Least squares and Method of Principal Components. The Maximum likelihood methods.

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404 D - RURAL DEVELOPMENT

UNIT- I

Introduction - Nature of rural economy; Concept and features of rural development; Causes of rural backwardness in India; Importance of rural development in Indian economy.

UNIT - II

Dimensions of Rural Development - Progress after Independence - Electrification, Health, Education, sanitation, Safe drinking water, and Skill development in rural sector.

UNIT-III

Institutions for Rural Development- Rural Credit in India - organized and unorganized agencies, Rural Co-operative societies, National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD); Panchayati Raj institutions - Functions and Powers of Panchayats.

UNIT- IV

Rural Development programs in India- Provision of Urban Amenities in Rural Areas (PURA), CAPART, Pradhan Mantri Gram Sadak Yojana (PMGSY), Mahatma Gandhi Rural Employment Guarantee Act 2005, National Rural livelihood Mission, Sansad Adarsh Gram yojana.

UNIT - V

Features of rural economy in Madhya Pradesh, Initiatives by Government for rural development in Madhya Pradesh- Rural Livelihood Mission, Madhya Pradesh Rural Road Development Authority, Mahatma Gandhi State Institute of Rural Development.

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