

Roll No. ....

**Y – 3186 (A)**  
**M.A./M.Sc. (Mathematics) (Fourth Semester) (SPECIAL)**  
**EXAMINATION, August 2021**  
**(SECOND CHANCE)**

Paper – 411

**DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES**

*Time : Three Hours*

*Maximum Marks : 85 (For Regular Students)*

*Minimum Pass Marks : 29*

*Maximum Marks : 100 (For Private Students)*

*Minimum Pass Marks : 34*

**Note**—Attempt *all* questions.

1. Attempt all parts— 17/20
  - (i) Define equivalence relation.
  - (ii) State Zorn's lemma
  - (iii) Explain Tautologies
  - (iv) Explain NAND and NOR
  - (v) Define modular lattice.
2. Among 100 students, 32 study Mathematics, 20 study Physics, 40 study Biology, 15 study Mathematics and Biology, 7 study Mathematics and Physics, 10 study Physics and Biology and 30 do not study any of the three subjects— 17/20
  - (i) Find number of students studying all the three subjects.
  - (ii) Find the number of students studying exactly one of the three subjects.
3. Prove by truth table that the following formula is a tautology— 17/20

$$(\sim q \Rightarrow \sim p) \wedge (q \Rightarrow p) \Rightarrow (p \Leftrightarrow q)$$

4. A lattice L is distributive if and only if— 17/20

$$(a \vee b) \wedge (a \vee c) \wedge (c \vee a) = (a \wedge b) \vee (b \wedge c) \vee (c \wedge a) \quad \forall a, b, c \in L$$

5. Show that— 17/20

$$1^2 + 2^2 + \dots + n^2 = \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}, n \geq 1 \text{ by mathematical induction.}$$