## NUMBER SYSTEM

1. Binary Number
2. Decimal Number
3. Octal Number
4. Hexa Decimal Number

## BINARY NUMBER

The binary number system, also called the base-2 number system, is a method of representing numbers that counts by using combinations of only two numerals: zero (0) and one (1). Computers use the binary number system to manipulate and store all of their data including numbers, words, videos, graphics, and music.

## DECIMAL NUMBER

Decimal is a term that describes the base-10 number system, probably the most commonly used number system. The decimal number system consists of ten single- digit numbers:
0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

## OCTAL NUMBER

The octal numeral system, or oct for short, is the base- 8 number system, and uses the digits 0 to 7. Octal numerals can be made from binary numerals by grouping consecutive binary digits into groups of three

## HEXA DECIMAL NUMBER

In mathematics and computing, hexadecimal (also base 16, or hex) is a positional system that represents numbers using a base of 16. Unlike the common way of representing numbers with ten symbols, it uses sixteen distinct symbols, most often the symbols " 0 ""9" to represent values zero to nine, and "A""F" (or alternatively "a"-"f") to represent values ten to fifteen.

## BINARY TO DECIMAL CONVERSION

Rinary Number $11101_{2}$
Calculating Decimal Equivalent -

| Step | Binary Number | Decimal Number |
| :--- | :---: | :--- |
| Slep 1 | $11101_{2}$ | $\left(\left(1 \times 2^{4}\right)+\left(1 \times 2^{3}\right)+\left(1 \times 2^{2}\right)+\left(0 \times 2^{1}\right)+\left(1 \times 2^{0}\right)\right)_{10}$ |
| Step 2 | $11101_{2}$ | $(16+8+4+0+1) 10$ |
| Step 3 | $11101_{2}$ | $29_{10}$ |

Binary Number: $11101_{2}-$ Decımal Number: $29_{10}$

## DECIMAL TO BINARY CONVERSION

Step 2 - Convert Decimal to Binary

| Step | Operation | Result | Remainder |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step 1 | $21 / 2$ | 10 | 1 |
| Step 2 | $10 / 2$ | 5 | 0 |
| Step 3 | $5 / 2$ | 2 | 1 |
| Step 4 | $2 / 2$ | 1 | 0 |
| Step 5 | $1 / 2$ | 0 | 1 |

Decimal Number : $21_{10}=$ Binary Number : $10101_{2}$

## OCTAL TO BINARY CONVERSION

Octal Number : 258
Calculating Binary Equivalent -
Step 1 - Convert to Decimal

| Step | Octal Number | Decimal Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Step 1 | $25_{8}$ | $\left(\left(2 \times 8^{1}\right)+\left(5 \times 8^{0}\right)\right)_{10}$ |
| Step 2 | $25_{8}$ | $(16+5)_{10}$ |
| Step 3 | $25_{8}$ | $21_{10}$ |

Octal Number : $25_{8}=$ Decimal Number : $21_{10}$

## Step 2 - Convert Decimal to Binary

| Step | Operation | Result | Remainder |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step 1 | $21 / 2$ | 10 | 1 |
| Step 2 | $10 / 2$ | 5 | 0 |
| Step 3 | $5 / 2$ | 2 | 1 |
| Step 4 | $2 / 2$ | 1 | 0 |
| Step 5 | $1 / 2$ | 0 | 1 |

Decimal Number : $21_{10}=$ Binary Number : $10101_{2}$
Octal Number : $25_{8}=$ Binary Number : $10101_{2}$

## HEXA DECIMAL TO BINARY CONVERSION

Hexadecimal Number: 1516
Calculating Binary Equivalent -

| Step | Hexadecimal Number | Binary Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Step 1 | $15_{16}$ | $1_{10} 5_{10}$ |
| Step 2 | $15_{16}$ | $0001_{2} 0101_{2}$ |
| Step 3 | $15_{16}$ | $00010101_{2}$ |

Hexadecimal Number : $15_{16}=$ Binary Number : $10101_{2}$

