

# Sos in Computer Science And Applications

PGDCA 205 Introduction To Linux

Topic Unit-2 : 1.Connecting processes with pipes  
2.Tee command

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# Connecting processes with pipes

- A pipe is a form of redirection (transfer of standard output to some other destination) that is used in Linux and other Unix-like operating systems to send the output of one command/ program/ process to another command/program/process for further processing.
- The Unix/Linux systems allow stdout of a command to be connected to stdin of another command. You can make it do so by using the pipe character '|'.

# Connecting processes with pipes

- Pipe is used to combine two or more commands, and in this, the output of one command acts as input to another command, and this command's output may act as input to the next command and so on.
- It can also be visualized as a temporary connection between two or more commands/ programs/ processes. The command line programs that do the further processing are referred to as filters.

# Connecting processes with pipes

- Syntex:

```
command_1 | command_2 | .....| command_N
```

Example :

1. Listing all files and directories and give it as input to more command.

```
$ ls -l | more
```

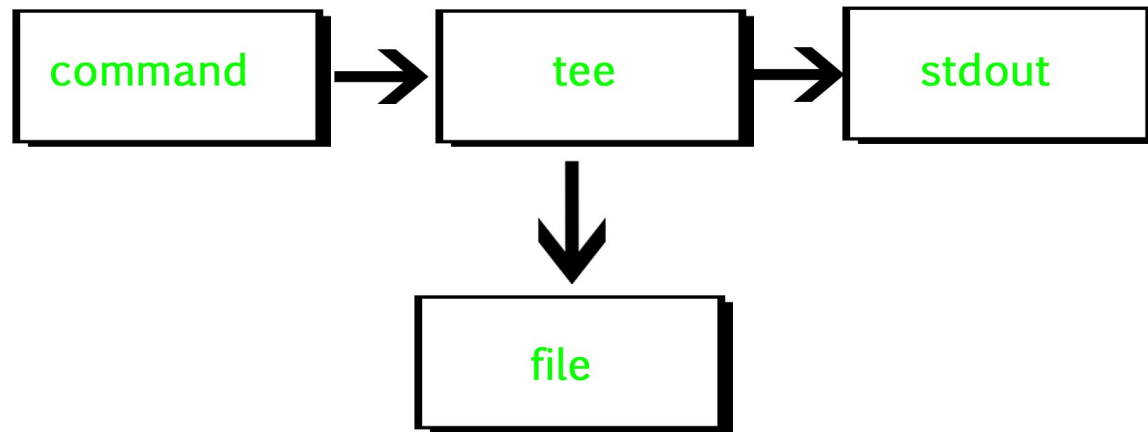
# Output : \$ ls -l | more

```
rishabh@rishabh: ~/GFG
rishabh@rishabh:~/GFG$ ls -l | more
total 28
drwxrwxr-x 2 rishabh rishabh 4096 Jan 29 21:11 demo1
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rishabh rishabh  26 Jan 25 23:03 demo1.txt
drwxrwxr-x 2 rishabh rishabh 4096 Jan 29 21:11 demo2
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rishabh rishabh   0 Jan 25 23:04 demo2.txt
drwxrwxr-x 2 rishabh rishabh 4096 Jan 29 21:11 demo3
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rishabh rishabh   0 Jan 25 23:04 demo.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rishabh rishabh  123 Jan 26 16:02 sample1.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rishabh rishabh   44 Jan 26 15:52 sample2.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rishabh rishabh   0 Jan 26 00:12 sample3.txt
-rw-rw-r-- 1 rishabh rishabh   26 Jan 25 23:03 sample.txt
rishabh@rishabh:~/GFG$
```

# Tee command:

- tee command reads the standard input and writes it to both the standard output and one or more files. The command is named after the T-splitter used in plumbing. It basically breaks the output of a program so that it can be both displayed and saved in a file.
- It does both the tasks simultaneously, copies the result into the specified files or variables and also display the result.

# Tee command:



- SYNTAX:

`tee [OPTION]... [FILE]...`

# Tee command:

- Options :

1.-a Option : It basically do not overwrite the file but append to the given file.

Suppose we have file1.txt

- Input: geek

for

geeks

- and file2.txt

Input:geeks

for

geeks



```
$ wc -l file1.txt | tee -a file2.txt
```

- OUTPUT :

```
3 file1.txt
```

- \$ cat file2.txt

OUTPUT:

```
geeks
```

```
for
```

```
geeks
```

```
3 file1.txt
```