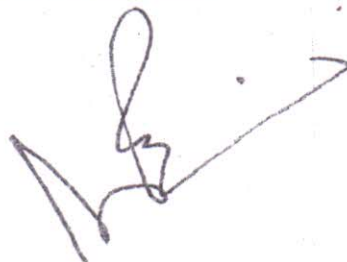


THIRD SEMESTER**PAPER- 301****POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY III: MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT**

- Unit- I :** Theoretical background of social and political thought of modern India; Characteristics of modern Indian political thought.
- Unit- II :** Emergence of new classes in India; Raja Ram Mohan Ray, Brahmo Samaj, Arya Samaj, Ram Krishna Mission; & Muslim Revivalism.
- Unit-III:** Emergence of Nationalism, Indian National Congress, Ideologies of Moderates; Extremists and Revolutionary Terrorists.
- Unit - IV :** Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi, Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia and Dr. BR Ambedkar.
- Unit- V :** Socialism; humanism and Communalism in Modern India.

PAPER- 302**INDIAN POLITICS III: STATE POLITICS IN INDIA.**

- Unit- I :** Perspectives on the study of state and local politics in India; India's multilayer polity; Emerging trends State Politics in India.
- Unit- II :** Regions and regionalism in Indian history: Evolution of states in Indian polity. Tension areas in Indian federalism.
- Unit-III:** Center-State relations in Indian federal system demand for State Autonomy : Evolution of the federal system; Inter-State Council. Regional movements since independence; democracy & national integration.
- Unit- IV :** Structure and working of government at State level; Office of the Governor, Chief Minister-their appointments, powers and functions. Council of Ministers, State Legislature, Problems of Ministry making, Coalition, defection and performance.
- Unit- V :** Electoral Politics and voting behavior in India, Electoral reforms in India : suggestions, working of Panchayati Raj with special reference to M.P. Politics of Minorities, Scheduled Castes & Women in India.



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OPTIONAL PAPERS

PAPER- 303

GANDHIAN POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY AND ACTION.

- Unit- I :** Theoretical influences on Gandhi and evolution of Gandhi's Thought.
- Unit- II :** Gandhi's concept of man, individual & society; social reforms and emancipation
(Passive Resistance and Sarvodaya)
- Unit- III :** Gandhi's concept of Political Order, politics, Power, Theory of State, theory of Democracy; and
concept of Ram Rajya. Gandhian Action : Theory of Means; the relationship between Truth and Non-violence, the concept of Satyagraha and dialectics of Truth.
- Unit- IV :** Gandhian perspective on Economic Order, critique of high – technology growth; views on property, Trusteeship and bread labour. Issues on the contemporary debate on Gandhian modern economic ideas; Swadeshi.
- Unit- V :** Gandhi and Post Liberal Democratic Models; Gandhi and his critique, Gandhi's critique of civilization. Place of Gandhi in modern political thought.

304: PAPER: OPTIONAL



FOR COLLEGE ONLY (3)

OPTIONAL PAPERS

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (OPTIONAL PAPER) - PAPER- 501

SOCIALIST THEORY.

- Unit-I : Pre-capitalist formations and the rise of capitalism. Conceptual presentation of rise of capitalism. The problem of essence-appearance relationship.
- Unit-II : Human nature. Man-nature relationship through productive activity; Marx's economic theory.
- Unit-III : Ideology; Alienation; Base and Superstructure.
- Unit-IV : Dialectics of matter and material dialectics : Marx-Engels-possible divergence. Non-metaphysical character of Marx's materialism.
- Unit-V : Is the History a World History, Alienation and community. State in Marxian thought. Revolution : Social and Political, concept of universal class. Economic crisis and class conflict.

SS. 555-d
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M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (OPTIONAL PAPER)- PAPER- 502

LIBERAL THEORY.

- Unit-I : Structure of the absolutist State. Breakdown of feudalism in Europe and its political implications.
- Unit-II : Nationalist theories and the Political Order; Justificatory theories of the Absolutist State – Bodin & Machiavelli. Hobbe's political philosophy and its relation to imperialism.
- Unit-III : Foundations of Liberal Theory; the question of property and the Political Order. John Locke's political philosophy, Political Theory of American Constitution. French revolutionary theory and liberalism. Liberalism and property.
- Unit-IV : Utilitarian liberalism, Jeramy Bentham and John Stuart Mill. The shape of liberal theory in Nineteenth Century critics of liberalism.
- Unit-V : Contemporary liberal political philosophy; Rawl's; theory of Justice. Nozick and the minimal state. Debates about distributive Justice and social welfare. Roland Drokhin's views, Social Justice; & Human Right.

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FOR COLLEGE ONLY (4)

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M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE (OPTIONAL PAPER)- PAPER- 503

DEMOCRATIC THEORY.

- Unit-I Problems of defining democracy; historical relativity of the content of democratic governmental forms.
- Unit-II Absolutist and nationalist political theory: Machiavellian discourse; Hobbes's theory of absolutism and radical thought in the English Revolution.
- Unit-III Constitutional Governments: John Locke and the origins of Liberalism and American Revolution: Jefferson, the Federalists.
- Unit-IV French Revolutionary traditions: patterns of participation in 1789; Debate between Durke and Paine; Rise of the romantic critique of representative democracy, Rousseau.
- Unit-V Liberal theories of Democracy: constitution of the liberal orthodoxy; forms of liberal theory – Mosca and Pareto; Behaviouralist theory and reconstruction of democratic theory. Robert Dahl.

M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE 2011-2012 (OPTIONAL PAPER) - PAPER- 504

THEORY OF INTERNATIONAL POLITICS.

S.S. 555-F 2.14
S.S. 555-F 2.15
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- Unit-I The nature of international politics with special reference to the role of technology; process of neo-colonization; the demand for New Economic Order and Nuclear Arms Race.
- Unit-II Approaches to the study of international politics: diplomatic, historical and behavioural approaches; Marxian approach, Human Survival Approach; Idealist-Realist Controversy; Systems Theory; Scientific versus traditional controversy. Dominance and Dependence.
- Unit-III Concept of power; Elements of National Power; measurement and limitations of power; Balance of Power; Collective security.
- Unit-IV Foreign Policy and International Politics: making of foreign policy, national interest; domestic sources of foreign policy; role of external forces; Instruments of foreign policy; Diplomacy, Ideology and Force.
- Unit-V International politics and world order: the present global order-a critique, debate on nation state and World Order. Disarmament as an approach to peace; problem of transformation in nuclear world.

