Unit - I  Nature and Formulation of Sociological theory
(a) Meaning and Nature of Sociological Theory.
(b) Formation and Nature of Sociological Theory.
(c) Relationship between Research and Theory.

Unit – II  Social Structure and Social anomie:
(b) Social Anomie – Emile Durkheim and R.K Merton.

Unit— III  Theory of Functionalism:
(a) Functionalism – Malinowsk, R.Brown, Emile Durkheim.
(b) Functional Dimentions of Social system T. Parsons.
(c) Functional Theory in Sociology by R.K. Merton.

Unit – IV  Conflict Theory
(a) Conflict Theory – Karl Marx
(b) Marx critique by Ralf Dahrendorf
(c) Functional analysis of conflict – L Coser.

Unit – V  interactionism Phenomenological Theory
(a) Symbolic interactionism – G.H. Mead and H. Blumer.
(b) Phenomenological Sociology – A Suhutz and Edmund Hurssel.
Unit – I  Social Change:

(a) Meaning and forms of Social change evolution Progress, transformation.
(b) Theories of social change: linear, cyclical and curvilinear.
(c) Factors of social change: demographic economic religious and educational.

Unit – II  Social Process:

(a) Process of social change sanskritization and westernization.
(b) Concept of Modernization and secularization.
(c) Concept of Urbanization and Industrialisation.

Unit – III  Development:

(a) Concept of Development.
(b) Changing conceptions of development: Economic growth, human development and Sustainable Development.
(c) Approaches and strategies of Planning and development.

Unit – IV  Agencies of Development

(a) Agencies of development Concept and Strategies.
(b) Social structure and development:
(c) Culture and development; culture as an aid, to development, development and displacement of tradition.

Unit – V  Indian Experiences of Development

(a) Sociological appraisal of five year Plans.
(b) Social Consequences of economic reforms.
(c) Social impact of info tech IT revolution.
Essential Reading:

11. Mada G.R. – Vikas Ka Samaj Shastra (Hindi)
12. Mukerjee R.N. – Bharat Main Samajik Parivartan (Hindi).
13. Yogendra Singh – Bharat Main Samajik Parivartan (Hindi)
14. Sharma R.N. – Social change and social problems in India (Hindi)
15. Sharma R.N. – Indian society institutions and culture (Hindi)
IIIrd & IVth Semester
Optional Paper
Sociological Essay

Particulars

छात्रों को निम्नलिखित में से किसी दो विषयों पर निबंध लिखना होगा। निबंध के विषय
निम्न लिखित हैं।

1. महिला सशक्तीकरण    Women Empowerment
2. बाल श्रम                Child Labour
3. घरेलू हिंसा            Domestic Violence
4. पंचायती राज          Panchayati Raj
5. ग्रामीण विकास         Rural Development
6. सामाजिक परिवर्तन  Social Change
7. सामाजिक अनुसंधान  Social Research
8. गैर शासकीय संगठन    N.G.O.
9. स्वयं सहायता समूह   Self Help Group
10. मानव अधिकार      Human Results
11. पर्यावरण             Environment

Reference:-

1. पाठ्यक्रम के अनुसार मद्यप्रदेश हिंदी ग्रंथ अकादमी द्वारा प्रकाशित पुस्तकें।
2. Mukerjee R.N.- Samajik Vichar ka Itihas
IIIrd & IVth Semester
Optional Paper
Industrial Sociology

Unit – 1
A. Industrial Sociology: Nature and Scope.
C. Division of Labour, Alienation, Labour Unrest and Class-Struggle.

Unit – 2
A. Industrial Bureaucracy.
B. Labour Organization.
C. Labour Movement.

Unit – 3
A. Work Concept: Nature; work ethics.
B. Labour Migration.
C. Labour relation in India.

Unit – 4
A. Labour Problems.
B. Women and Child Labour.
C. Social Security.

Unit – 5
A. Contemporary Industrial Reality.
B. Power, Industry and Capitalism.
C. Labour security and Social welfare.

References:

Ramaswamy E.A. 1998 Industry and Labour OUP.
Mamoria C.B. and Mamoria 1992 Dynamics of Industrial.
Laxmanna, C. et all 1990, Workers Participation and Industrial.

पाठ्यक्रम के अनुसार मध्यप्रदेश हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी द्वारा प्रकाशित पुस्तकें।
Unit -1
A. Criminology meaning scope subject matter
B. Concept of White Color Crime
C. Crime against Women crime and Women

Unit -2 Theories & Types:
A. Sociological theories of Crime.
B. Typology of Crime.
C. Juvenile Delinquency

Unit -3 Correctional Programme:
A. Educational, Vocational
B. Human Rights & Prison management
C. Reformatory institutions

Unit -4 Punishment:
A. Meaning nature and aims
B. Theories of Punishment
C. Probation and Parole

Unit -5 Prison:
A. Concept of Prison, Prison Reforms
B. Role of Police in Crime Prevention Open Prison after care & rehabilitation Compensation to victim

References:
1. Bedi, Kiran 1998, It is always Possible, New Delhi:
4. पाद्यक्षम के अनुसार मध्यप्रदेश हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी द्वारा प्रकाशित पुस्तकें।
Unit – I

(a) Use of quantitative method in sociology. Nature and scope. Sources of statistics relating to social phenomenon population literacy, crime, unemployment.
(b) Calculation of mean; median, mode. Geometric mean and harmonic mean.

Unit – II

(a) Introduction to the concept of dispersion standard deviation and coefficient of variation, Association of attributes.
(b) Computation of standard deviation direct and short cut method and coefficient of variation calculation of coefficient of association.

Unit III –

(a) Meaning and significance of the study of correlation, types of correlation. Simple and multiple correlations.
(b) Numerical problems relating to calculation of Karl Pearson's Co-efficient of correlation.

Unit IV –

(a) Significance and measurement of mortality and fertility, measurement of population growth, Introduction to life table.
(b) Calculation of death rates, birth rates, gross and net reproductive rates.

Unit V –

(a) Time series, components of time series calculation of long term trend.
(b) Index number: meaning and characteristics of index numbers, problems in the construction of index number. Calculation of index number.
Unit – 1

Political Sociology : Definition, Subject Matter and Scope.
Political Development, Political Sociolization.
Political Participation.

Unit – 2

Political System :- Definition, Classification.
Political Elite :- Pareto, Mosca & Millies.
Political Culture.

Unit – 3

Democratic System :- Definition, Characteristics, Merits and Types of Democracy.
Democracy in India.
Media in Democracy.

Unit – 4

Pressure and Interest group, Political Parties, Voting behavior,
Political Processes in India.
Bureaucracy :- Concept, Characteristics, Views of Max Weber on Bureaucracy.

Unit – 5

Significance of Public opinion in Democracy, Politics of Protective discrimination and subaltern Polity.
Decentralization of Polity and Pachayati Raj.

References :-

2. Kothari R. 1979-Politics in India, Orient Longmans Ltd.
3. Lipset S.M. 1959-Political Man, H.E.B.
5. पाठ्यक्रम के अनुसार मध्यप्रदेश हिन्दी ग्रंथ अकादमी द्वारा प्रकाशित पुस्तकें।
Unit - I

Field of social psychology: historical background relationship of social psychology with other disciplines.

Unit – II

Meaning of group, group formation, decision making, group behavior – social facilitation and social leadership – crowd and audience.

Unit – III


Unit IV –

Principles of social behavior – Imitation, suggestion, Sympathy.
Inter Group relation – Prejudice and discrimination forming, maintaining and reducing prejudice.
Attitude – Nature and functions, Attitude measurement, process of attitude change.

Unit V –

Communication: Verbal and non verbal, barriers in communication, persuasive communication, mass media and its impact on behavior, propaganda: public opinion, rumour, social tension.