IVth Semester
1st Paper

Theoretical Perspectives in Sociology

UNIT-I  Levels of theorization in Sociology.

(a) Classical level.
(b) Modern level.
(c) Post modern level.

UNIT-II  New Structuralism and Neo-Functionalism

(a) Levi – Strauss
(b) M. Moucault
(c) J. Alexendra

UNIT-III

(a) Exchange Theory – George cașpar Homens, Peter M. Blau.
(b) Conventional and Radical Sociology.

UNIT-IV

(a) Feminism
(b) Post Modernity and Ethnomethodology
(c) Post Modern situations in Indian Society.

UNIT-V  Critical Theory and Neo- Marxism

(a) Frankfurt School – Theodor Adorno, Max Horkheimer
(b) Neo Marxian Theory – Habermas and Althusser.
# Indian Society and Culture

## Unit-1 Components of Indian Society
- Demographic, Religious Linguistic, Regional and Cultural group.
- b) Caste and Dominant Caste.
- c) Class and Class formation in recent India.

## Unit-2 Culture
- a) Definition attribute and Component of culture.
- b) Little and great tradition in India.
- c) Acculturation and Enculturation.

## Unit-3 Organization and Institution:
- a) Family and Marriage.
- b) Kinship and Clan
- c) Rural and Urban Continuum.

## Unit-4 Groups:
- a) Rural India.
- b) Tribal India.
- c) Urban India.

## Unit-5 Monographs: (Basics)
- a) An Indian Village, S.C. Dube.
- b) The Kumar, S.C. Dube.
- c) The City, D. Souza.

**NOTE**

**Suggested Readings:**

**References:**

4. पारंपरिक और अनुसार समाज, हिंदी उदय अकादमी के माध्यम से प्रकाशित पुस्तक.
5. नतीजणा एस.एम. भारतीय समाज, म.प्र. हिंदी उदय अकादमी भोपाल.

"DESTRUCTION"
Political Sociology

Unit-1
1) Political Sociology: Definition, Subject Matter and Scope
2) Political Development, Political Socialization.
3) Political Participation.

Unit-2
Political System: Definition, Classification
Political Elite: Pareto, Mosca & Milles.
Political Course.

Unit-3
Democratic System: Definition, Characteristics, Merits and Types of Democracy.
Democracy in India.
Totalitarian System: Definition, Types: Cephalic and accephalic.

Unit-4
Pressure and Interest Group, Political Parties, Voting Behavior, Political Processes in India.

Unit-5
Significance of Public Opinion in Democracy, Politics of Protective discrimination and subaltern polity.
Decentralization of Polity and Panchayati Raj.

NOTE: 

Suggested Readings:
References:
3. Lipset S.M. 1959: Political Man, H.E.B.
4. L.S. Chouhan, Shrinath Sharma - Political Sociology, Sahitya Bhavan, Agra
5. पाठ्यक्रम के अनुसार भारत के हिंदी ग्रंथ अकादमी द्वारा प्रकाशित पुस्तकें।

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## Criminology

### Unit-1
A. Criminology: meaning, scope subject matter
B. Concept of White color crime.
C. Crime against women crime and women.

### Unit-2
Theories & Types:
A. Sociological theories of crime.
B. Typology of crime.
C. Juvenile Delinquency

### Unit-3
Correctional programs:
A. Educational, vocational
B. Human Rights & prison management
C. Reformatory institutions

### Unit-4
Punishment:
A. Meaning nature and aims
B. Theories of punishment
C. Probation and parole

### Unit-5
Prison:
A. Concept of prison
B. Role of police in crime prevention
C. Open prison after care & rehabilitation compensation to victim

**References:**

1. Bedi, Kiran 1998, It is always possible. New Delhi:
4. प्रात्यक्ष के अनुसार मध्यप्रदेश हिन्दी यथ अक्षान्धी द्वारा प्रकाशित पुस्तकें।
UNIT I -
Field of social psychology: historical background growth of social psychology as a modern discipline, relationship of social psychology with other disciplines, social psychology as applied science.

UNIT II -
Meaning of group, group formation, decision making, group behavior – Social facilitation and social leadership – crowd and audience.

UNIT III -

UNIT IV -
Principles of social behavior – Imitation, suggestion, Sympathy
Inter Group relation – Prejudice and discrimination forming, maintaining and reducing prejudice.
Attitude – Nature and functions, Attitude measurement, process of attitude change

UNIT V -
Communication: Verbal and non verbal, barriers in communication, persuasive communication, mass media and its impact on behavior, propaganda: public opinion, rumour, social tension.
Sociology Essay

Particulars

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<td>2.</td>
<td>बच्चः क्षेत्र Child Labour</td>
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<td>3.</td>
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<td>पंचायती राज Panchayati Raj</td>
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<td>ग्रामीण विकास Rural Development</td>
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<td>10.</td>
<td>पर्यावरण Environment</td>
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References:

1. पाठ्यक्रम के अनुसार संग्रह प्रदेश हिंदी ग्रंथ अनुसंधान हैं। प्रकाशित पुस्तकाः ।
2. Mukerjee R.N.-Samajik Vichar Ka Itihas                                                        
UNIT I -
(a) Use of quantitative method in sociology. Nature and scope. Sources of statistics relating to social phenomenon population literacy, crime, unemployment.
(b) Calculation of mean, median, mode, geometric mean and harmonic mean.

UNIT II -
(a) Introduction to the concept of dispersion standard deviation and co-efficient of variation. Association of attributes.
(b) Computation of standard deviation direct and short cut method and co-efficient of variation calculation of co-efficient of association.

UNIT III -
(a) Meaning and significance of the study of correlation types of correlation, simple and multiple correlations.
(b) Numerical problems relating to calculation of Karl Pearson's co-efficient of correlation.

UNIT IV -
(a) Significance and measurement of mortality and fertility, measurement of population growth. Introduction to life table.
(b) Calculation of death rates, birth rates, gross and net reproductive rates.

UNIT V -
(a) Interpretation of chronological data, time series, components of time series index numbers meaning and characteristics of index numbers, problems in the construction of index number.
# Industrial Sociology

| Unit-1 | A. Industrial Sociology: Nature and Scope.  
|        | C. Division of Labour: Alienation Labour Unrest and Class-Struggle.  |
| Unit-2 | A. Industrial Bureaucracy.  
|        | B. Labour Organization.  
|        | C. Labour Movement.  |
| Unit-3 | A. Work Concept: Nature; work ethics  
|        | B. Labour Migration  
|        | C. Labour relation in India.  |
| Unit-4 | A. Industrial Society.  
|        | B. Women and Child Labour  
|        | C. Industry in Tribal area.  |
| Unit-5 | A. Contemporary Industrial Reality.  
|        | B. Power, Industry and Capitalism.  
|        | C. Labour security and Social welfare.  |

**References:**

Ramaswamy F.A. 1988, Industry and Labour OUP.

Mamoria C.B. and Mamoria 1992 Dynamics of Industrial.

Laxmanna, C. et all 1990, Workers Participation and Industrial.

पाठ्यक्रम के अनुसार भारतीय हिन्दी दृश्य अन्तर्दृष्टि हारा प्रकाशित कराइ।

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**Sola**